

Technical Data Sheet

## DOWSIL<sup>™</sup> 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam

Silicone RTV foam for fire-resistant penetration seals Room-temperature cure Features & • **Reversion resistance** . **Benefits** Noncorrosive . Fire resistance • Composition Medium-density, two-component silicone • DOWSIL<sup>™</sup> 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam is formulated to have fire resistance properties and **Applications** can be used for preparing fire-resistant penetration seals as evidenced by the results of fire endurance testing as defined in ASTM E 814 "Standard Method of Fire Test for Through-Penetration Firestops".

#### **Typical Properties**

Specification Writers: These values are not intended for use in preparing specifications.

Test <sup>1</sup>	Property	Unit	Result
	As Supplied – Physical, Part A		
CTM 0176 <sup>2</sup>	Appearance		Black liquid
CTM 00972	Specific Gravity at 25°C (77°F)		1.05–1.11
CTM 0050 <sup>2</sup>	Viscosity, Brookfield Model HAF Spindle No. 3 at 10 rpm	poise	40–60
CTM 00523	Flash Point	°C (°F)	> 243 (> 470)
CTM 00523	Fire Point	°C (°F)	> 344 (> 650)
	As Supplied – Physical, Part B		
CTM 0176 <sup>2</sup>	Appearance		Off-white liquid
CTM 00972	Specific Gravity at 25°C (77°F)		1.05–1.11
CTM 00502	Viscosity, Brookfield Model HAF Spindle No. 3 at 10 rpm	poise	50–75
CTM 00063	Flash Point	°C (°F)	> 133 (> 271)
CTM 00063	Fire Point	°C (°F)	> 199 (> 390)

1. CTM: Corporate Test Method, copies of CTM's are available on request.

ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials

2. Sales specifications: Dow performs acceptance testing on lot of material and certifies that this product will meet the above specification requirements for 12 months from date of shipment when properly stored in the original, unopened container.

3. Other: Testing on what we believe to be a representative lot of material. Testing is not done on a lot-by-lot basis. If property is critical for your application, you should test on a lot-by-lot basis prior to use.

Note: Some properties will vary depending on the cured density of the foam.

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## **Typical Properties (Cont.)**

Test	Property	Unit	Result	
	As Cured – Physical <sup>4</sup>			
CTM 0176 <sup>3</sup>	Appearance		Dark gray-black elastomeric film	
CTM 092A <sup>2</sup>	Snap Time <sup>5</sup>	percent	1–2	
CTM 0812 <sup>2</sup>	Density <sup>6</sup>	g/cm³ (lb/ft³)	0.22–0.32 (14–20)	
CTM 08263	Cell Structure <sup>7</sup> , Closed Cell	percent	50	
ASTM D 3574 <sup>3</sup>	Tensile Strength	N/m² (psi)	2.28 x 10⁵ (33.0)	
CTM 0525 Compres	ssion Deflection <sup>3</sup>			
	At 20% Compression	N/m² (psi)	3.59 x 1 (5.2)	04
	At 40% Compression	N/m² (psi)	6.96 x 1 (10.1)	04
	At 60% Compression	N/m² (psi)	1.46 x 1 (21.2)	05
CTM 069 <sup>3</sup>	Thermal Conductivity <sup>8</sup>	cal/sec cm·°C	9.8 x 10	-4
ASTM C 518 <sup>3</sup>	K <sup>9</sup> , 0.27 g/cm <sup>2</sup> (17 lb/ft <sup>2</sup> ) foam	W/(m·K) (BTU/hr·ft·°F)	0.1338 (0.0773)	
CTM 0585 <sup>3</sup> Linear (	Coefficient of Thermal Expansion			
	-25 to 150°C (-13 to 302°F)	cm/cm·°C (in/in·°F)	3.2 x 10 (1.78 x <sup>-</sup>	
	As Cured – Flammability <sup>10</sup>			
CIM 0316A Flamm	ability, Vertical Burn <sup>3</sup>			
	Time in Flame	seconds	15	60
	Average Time Flame-Glow Out	seconds	7.2	15.6
	Average Weight Loss	percent	1.3	13.5
CTM 07803	Limiting Oxygen Index	LOI rating	39	
ASTM E 84-79A <sup>3</sup>	Flame Spread Rating <sup>11</sup>		6.7	
	As Cured – Electrical <sup>12</sup>			
CTM 0114 <sup>3</sup>	Dielectric Strength	volts/mil	165	
CTM 0112 <sup>3</sup>	Dielectric Constant, 100 Hz		1.95	
CTM 0112 <sup>3</sup>	Dissipation Factor, 100 Hz		0.00505	
CTM 0249 <sup>3</sup>	Volume Resistivity	ohm-cm	2.24 x 1	015

4. One part A thoroughly mixed with one part B and cured at  $25^{\circ}C$  (77°F) for 24 hours.

5. Time to nonpour condition. Also, time to begin foam rise.

6. Power mixed for 30 seconds and cured in nonconfined condition.

7. Breathability method

8. Cenco Fitch method

9. Cured foam sample thickness of 2.54 cm (1 inch).

- Tests, claims, representations and descriptions regarding flammability are based on standard small-scale laboratory tests. Such tests may not be reliable for determining, evaluating, predicting or describing the flammability or burning characteristics of the product under actual fire conditions, whether the product is used alone or in combination with other products.
- 11. Test report available upon request.

12. Cured foam sample thickness of 0.317 cm (0.125 inch).

Description	DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam is a medium-density, two-part product supplied as A and B liquid components. The A component is black and the B component is off-white for easy identification and inspection of mix. When the A and B components are thoroughly mixed in a 1:1 ratio by either weight or volume, the product will expand and cure to a foamed elastomer at room temperature. A mild exotherm is exhibited during the curing reaction. Note: Various silicone foams have different fire resistance properties. The use of the generic term "silicone foam" should be avoided when referencing this product or this data. This test data pertains to this product by its specific name and number designation (DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam).
Approvals / Specifications	<ul> <li>Listed in UL's Fire Resistance Directory for use in Through-Penetration Firestop Systems</li> </ul>
How To Use	<b>Preparatory Work</b> The penetration opening and all related surfaces must be clean of dirt, dust and loose impediments. Surfaces must also be free of water, oil or other free liquids.
	Damming the Penetration Damming the penetration is required to prevent the liquid foam mixture from running out before it foams. Damming materials may also contribute to the fire resistant properties of particular system configurations. Check system design to ensure that proper damming materials and techniques are used.
	CAUTION: When components A and B of DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam are mixed, the foam generates hydrogen gas during cure. Forced air ventilation is necessary if the work area has less than two cubic feet of free air space for each pound of liquid mixture being foamed.
	Additional information is provided in the section entitled "Handling Precautions".
	Mixing the Components Prior to use, Part A and Part B components must be thoroughly stirred in their original containers to uniformly disperse any fillers or pigments that may have settled. When mixing, use clean containers and mixing equipment. If stirred containers stand for more than four hours, re-stir.
	At time of installation, material temperature should be between 18 and 27°C (65 and 81°F). (Materials can be warmed by placing them in a room at these temperatures for 12 hours.) Please check material temperature prior to use if there is a possibility it is outside this range.
	To properly catalyze DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam, add Part A to Part B in a 1:1 ratio (by weight or volume). Mix vigorously and thoroughly for 30 to 60 seconds by hand or with power mixing. The mixed product will begin to foam shortly after mixing; therefore, it should be dispensed in the penetration as soon as mixing is completed. For large-volume applications, the use of suitable automatic mixing, metering and dispensing equipment is recommended.

## How To Use (Cont.)

The type and degree of mixing can significantly affect the cell structure and density of the final foam product. Mixing with a 198 g (7 oz) Semco<sup>®</sup> cartridge will generally result in a slightly higher density than mixing by hand. Hand mixing, in turn, will result in a higher density than power mixing by automatic mixing, metering and dispensing equipment.

Likewise, the expansion ratios of foam volume to liquid volume can vary from 2:1 to 4:1, depending on the type and degree of mixing and degree of confinement. If foam rise is restricted or confined during foam cure, densities as high as 0.48 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (30 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>) can result.

#### Working Time

As supplied and properly mixed, DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam has a snap time (working time) of one to two minutes at 25°C (77°F). The snap time is dependent upon the temperature of the A and B components just before and after they are mixed.

#### Installation

DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam typically expands from two to four times its liquid volume during cure. DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam should not be dispensed in liquid layers thicker than 2.54 cm 1 inch) at any given spot. Allow at least 15 minutes between applications of each foam layer. If the opening is not filled to the desirable level when the cured foam has completed its expansion, repeat the injection and cure procedure until the desired fill rate is attained. To permit a clear view when filling a wall cavity, damming materials are built up gradually. The top of the opening is dammed for the final shot of foam.

After the foam in installed, damming materials are left in place 24 for hours to allow the penetration seal to cure fully.

#### Inspection

After 24 hours, the penetration seal must be completely inspected by removing the damming materials. Curing foam should completely fill the penetration, providing a tight, compressive fit. The seal should then be reinspected after an additional 24 hours. Damming materials that are part of a specific system design must be replaced and properly secured in their appropriate positions.

### **Quality Control**

There is a two-step quality control check that can be performed on the site quickly and easily. It should be performed at least once daily and upon changing to a new lot of material to ensure the performance of both dispensing equipment and foam product prior to installing least once daily and upon changing to a new lot of material to ensure the performance easily. It should be performed at least once daily and upon changing to a new lot of material to ensure the performance of both dispensing equipment and foam product prior to installing to ensure the performance of both dispensing equipment and foam product prior to installing penetration seals. (The quality control check is shown in Table 1.)

Follow the equipment manufacturer's instructions for maintaining product component ratios.

# Table 1: Quality Control Requirements for Checking DOWSIL<sup>™</sup> 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam and Dispensing Equipment

Test	Unit	Result
Snap Time <sup>1</sup>	minutes	1-2
Free Foam Density <sup>1</sup>	g/cm (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	0.22–0.32 (14–20)
	<ol> <li>Standard procedures for measuring snap tin Totally unconfined, density values as low as installation.</li> </ol>	ne and free foam density are available. $0.22 \text{ g/cm}^3$ (14 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ) may be obtained. Values shown are typical for field
How To Use (Cont.)		tration seal can be removed with a sharp knife or blade. nponents can be removed with high-flash-point mineral
	CAUTION: Consult solvent material federal and local environmental regu	data sheet for safe handling information. Follow state, lations.
	<b>Repairability</b> Once cured in place, DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam can be removed, repaired or changed, and the repaired area reformed in place with additional product. Because this product develops good adhesion to itself, the repaired region will become an integral part of the original foam.	
Adhesion Maximum adhesion is obtained when of dust, dirt, moisture and other conta		n foaming against a freshly exposed foam surface, free aminants.
Handling Precautions		B components of DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam, results in the generation of hydrogen gas. Appropriate way from sparks and open flame.
	exercise care to avoid gas entrapme gas build-up. Forced air ventilation is	e RTV Foam to seal large penetration openings, ent. Provide adequate ventilation to prevent hydrogen s necessary if the work area has less than two cubic l of liquid mixture being foamed. Adequate ventilation o of hydrogen at explosive levels.
	and B components are mixed, hydro at least 24 hours. Most of the evolve immediately released to the surroun- closed cell. The gas is released over	Ily completed during the first three minutes after the A ogen gas will continue to be released from the foam for ed gas is initially retained in each foam cell and is not ding atmosphere, because the foam is 50 percent r time by diffusion. The rate of release is dependent on nd ambient temperatures. The amount of gas generated used.

Handling Precautions (Cont.)	Waste materials must be considered with regard to these precautionary measures during disposal and storage. Waste materials should not be sealed in such things as plastic bags or similar containers that could trap hydrogen gas.	
	The liquid Part B components of DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam in contact with bases or catalytic oxidizing materials could generate hydrogen gas. A bulged Part B component container may indicate hydrogen gas pressurization, and appropriate caution should be exercised. If this occurs, contact your representative.	
	PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR SAFE USE IS NOT INCLUDED IN THIS DOCUMENT. BEFORE HANDLING, READ PRODUCT AND SAFETY DATA SHEETS AND CONTAINER LABELS FOR SAFE USE, PHYSICAL AND HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION. THE SAFETY DATA SHEET IS AVAILABLE ON THE DOW WEBSITE AT WWW.CONSUMER.DOW.COM, OR FROM YOUR DOW SALES APPLICATION ENGINEER, OR DISTRIBUTOR, OR BY CALLING DOW CUSTOMER SERVICE.	
Usable Life And Storage	The Part A and Part B components of DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam are delivered in separate containers. When stored in unopened containers at or below 32°C (90°F), DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam has a shelf life of 12 months from date of shipment. Refer to product packaging for "Use By" date.	
	Partially used containers should be sealed tightly and stored in a similar manner.	
Packaging Information	DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam is supplied in 198 g, 0.9, 7.25, 36.3 and 409 kg (7 oz, 2, 16, 80 and 900 lb) kits, net weight.	
Limitations	This product is neither tested nor represented as suitable for medical or pharmaceutical uses.	
	Inhibition of Cure <sup>1</sup> Certain materials, chemicals, curing agents and plasticizers can inhibit the cure of DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam. The most notable include:	
	<ul> <li>Organotin and other organometallic compounds</li> <li>Silicone rubber containing organotin catalyst</li> <li>Sulfur, polysulfides, polysulfones and other sulfur-containing materials</li> <li>Amines, urethanes and aminecontaining materials</li> <li>Unsaturated hydrocarbon plasticizers</li> </ul>	
	Painting or Coating Most coatings/paints do not adhere to this product.	
	<ol> <li>If a substrate or material is questionable with regard to causing potential inhibition of cure, it is recommended that a small scale compatibility test be run to ascertain suitability in a given application. The presence of liquid or uncured product at the interface between the questionable substrate and the cured DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam would indicate incompatibility and inhibition of cure.</li> </ol>	

## Disposal Information

Shipping Limitations

Health And Environmental Information Please review and analyze the appropriate disposal requirements (local, state and federal) for waste streams, used product, etc. Should you have specific questions about the waste characteristics of this product, contact your representative.

DOWSIL 3-6548 Silicone RTV Foam Part B cannot be shipped by air.

To support customers in their product safety needs, Dow has an extensive Product Stewardship organization and a team of product safety and regulatory compliance specialists available in each area.

For further information, please see our website, www.consumer.dow.com or consult your local Dow representative.



FILL, VOID OR CAVITY MATERIALS CLASSIFIED BY UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC. @ FOR USE IN THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP SYSTEMS. SEE UL FIRE RESISTANCE DIRECTORY.

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http://www.consumer.dow.com

#### LIMITED WARRANTY INFORMATION - PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

Some of the information and data provided herein are based on testing of specific designs at independent test laboratories per ASTM E 814/UL 1479 "Method of Fire Tests of Through-Penetration Firestops" and some are based on testing at Dow per Dow corporate test methods. Test conditions may not be representative of actual fire conditions. Variation from tested designs can also alter system performance. For these reasons, it is the user's responsibility to determine that the designs used are suitable for the application and will provide the level of protection required. Because application of the products, conditions of their use, and the intensity and duration of actual fires are beyond any manufacturer's control, Dow shall not be held liable for damages, direct or consequential, resulting from the use of its products or tested designs.

The information contained herein is offered in good faith and is believed to be accurate. However, because conditions and methods of use of our products are beyond our control, this information should not be used in substitution for customer's tests to ensure that our products are safe, effective, and fully satisfactory for the intended end use. Suggestions of use shall not be taken as inducements to infringe any patent.

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