	Overcentre Valve Part Balanced	SOP5A-R3/I	HA 5206 7/2008	
ΠΙΟ	M27 x 1,5 • p <sub>max</sub> 350 bar • Q <sub>max</sub>	<sub>ax</sub> 90 L/min	Replaces HA 5206 9/2006	
The valve prevents runaway in the event of a nega-				
<b>Load-holding with minimal leakage</b>				
Pressure relief function protecting the actuator against overload and pressure peaks				
When installed into the actuator the valve can be used as a hose burst valve				
When used as pressure relief the check valve will act as an anti-cavitation valve				
Relief setting is unaffected by back pressure				
The valve should be mounted as close as possible to the actuator				
□ Fits the same cavity as the R3 check valve				
Functional Description				

## The valve consists of a seat by-pass, relief valve fitted with an auxiliary control with a differential piston and by-pass single-way valve serving for reverse direction of flow. The liquid is flowing through the single-way valve from the channel (2) to the channel (1) with a small pressure drop. In the opposite direction the single-way valve on the rear side

In the opposite direction the single-way valve on the rear side of which a gate valve seat is fitted is pressed through the action of a spring and the load pressure against the spring-loaded valve gate valve. In this way the valve is nearly closed hermetically. If the pressure in the channel (1) exceeds a set up value of the spring force the gate valve is pressed out of the seat and the overpressure in that case is relieved into channel (2). For ensuring the function of holding the load the spring force should be set up to a value by 30 % higher when compared to an expected pressure exerted by the load. If the load has to be moved it is possible to ensure it with the help of so called auxiliary control from the channel (3) by introducing already certain control pressure.

The control pressure is calculated in the following way:

Control pressure = <u>set up pressure - load pressure</u> ratio of control

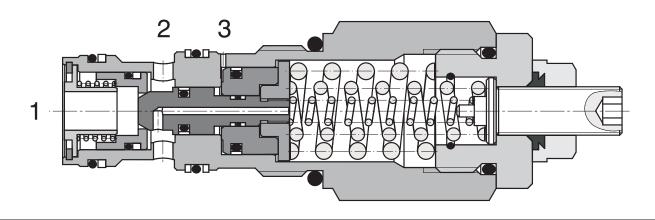
The ratio of control designates a ratio of surfaces of the differential slide valve cross-section area and its seat. Therefore, the necessary control pressure for opening the valve does not correspond to the difference between the set up pressure and load pressure however;

it corresponds to the ratio of this difference and the control ratio. In the formula as mentioned above it is necessary to take into consideration that in differential cylinders it is necessary to add to the control ratio also the appropriate ratio of piston surfaces in the direction of movement.

As soon as the control pressure attains a necessary value the differential gate valve is moved out from the seat and then the way from the channel (1) to the channel (2) is released. If now the load tries to accelerate and be fast as for the oil supply the supply pressure decreases, therefore, also the control pressure in the channel (3) is decreased. The spring force tries to shut off the valve again, therefore, in consequence of which the flow from the consumer decreases and the inlet pressure to the consumer increases again. In this way it is ensured a constant inlet pressure by means of which the movement of the load can be controlled.

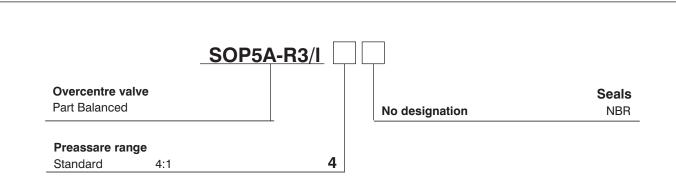
Dynamic pressures in the outlet do not influence the set up value thanks to a special arrangement of the slide valve. However, it is necessary to take care of the fact the control channel is independent on the dynamic pressure.

As for appropriate basic surface finish the external parts are zinc coated.



HA 5206

## **Ordering Code**

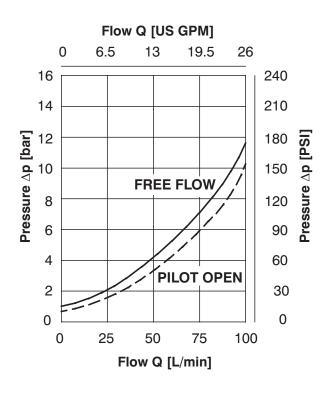


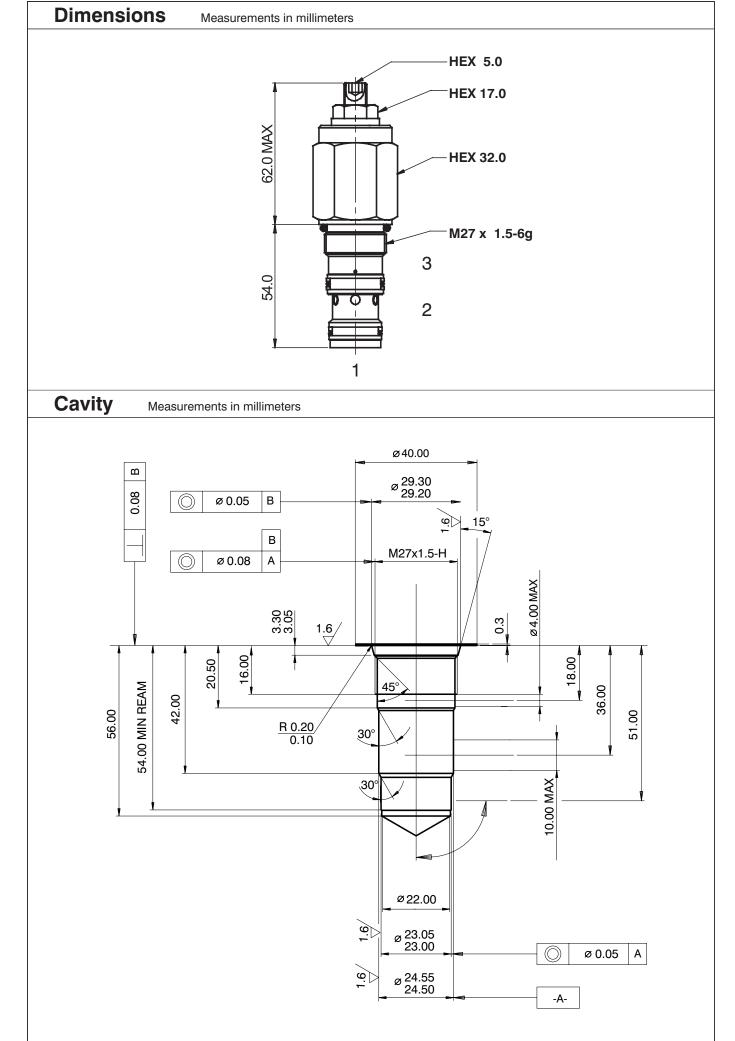
## **Technical Data**

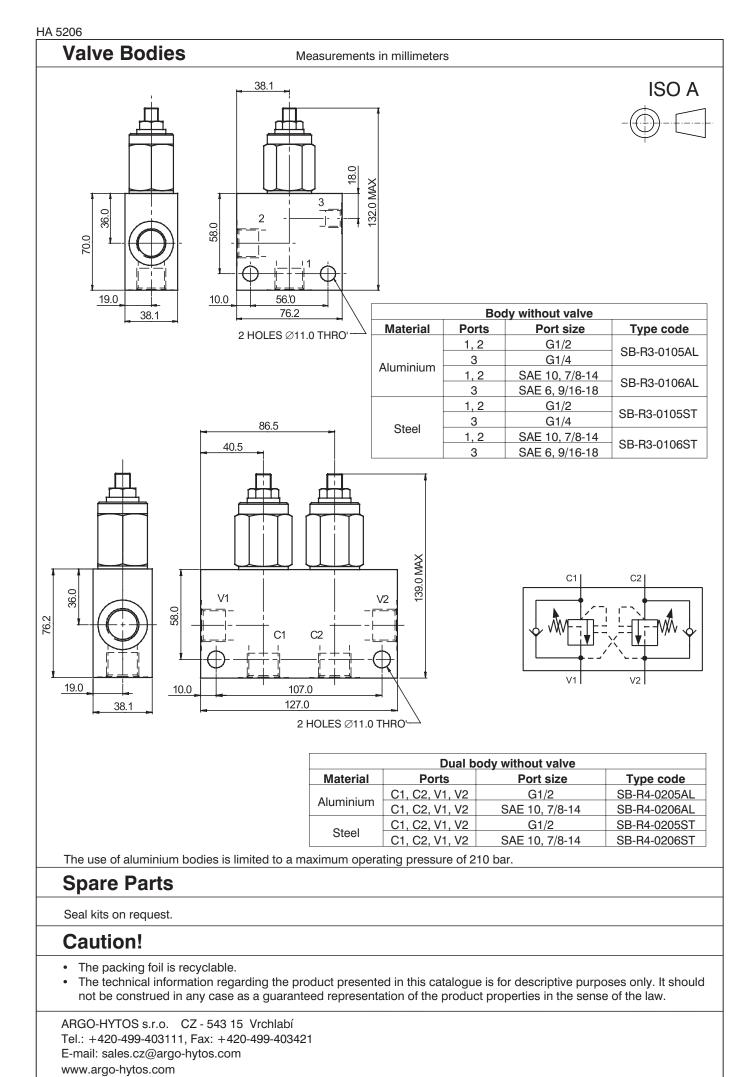
Cavity		M27 x 1,5	
Maximum flow	L/min	90	
Max. pressure	bar	270	
Max. input pressure	bar	350	
Pressure drops	bar	see $\Delta p$ - Q characteristics	
Hydraulic fluid		Hydraulic oil (HM, HV) according to DIN 51524	
Fluid temperature range	°C	-20 +90	
Viscosity	mm <sup>2</sup> /s	20 400	
Maximum degree of fluid contamination		according to ISO 4406 (1999), Class 21/18/15	
Weight	kg	0,29	
Maximum valve tightening torque in valve body or in control block	Nm	60 <sup>+2</sup>	
Mounting position		any	

## $\Delta p$ -Q Characteristics

Measured at  $v = 40 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 







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